

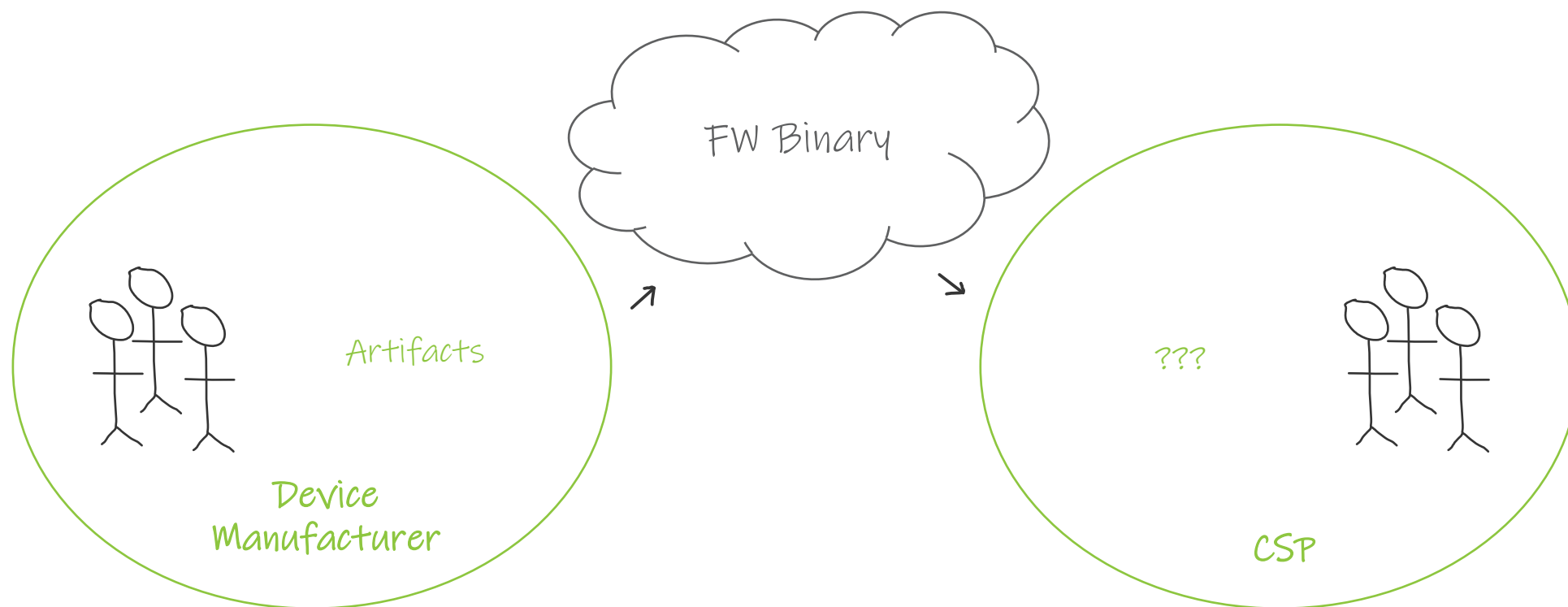


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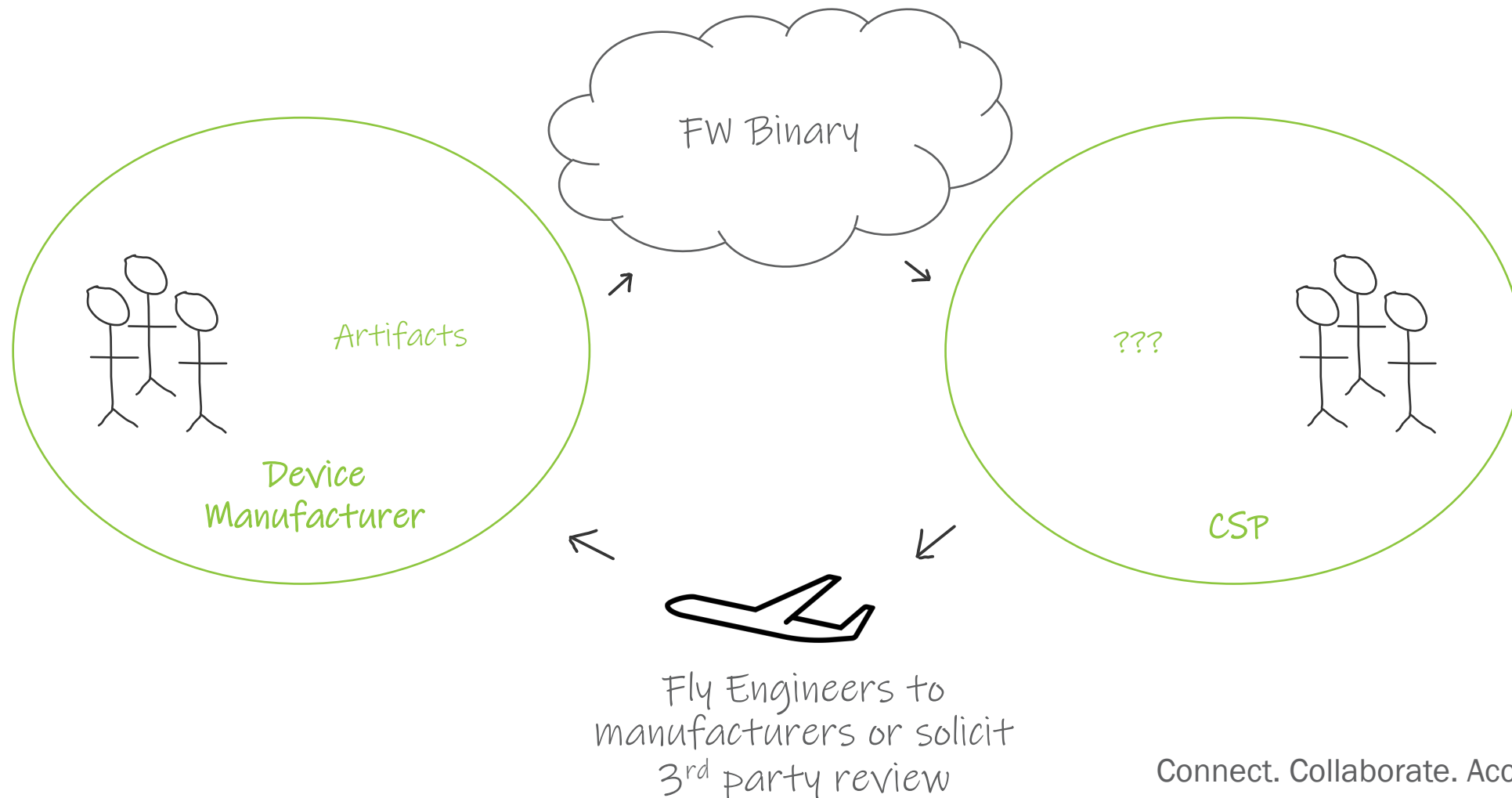
Supply Chain Auditing

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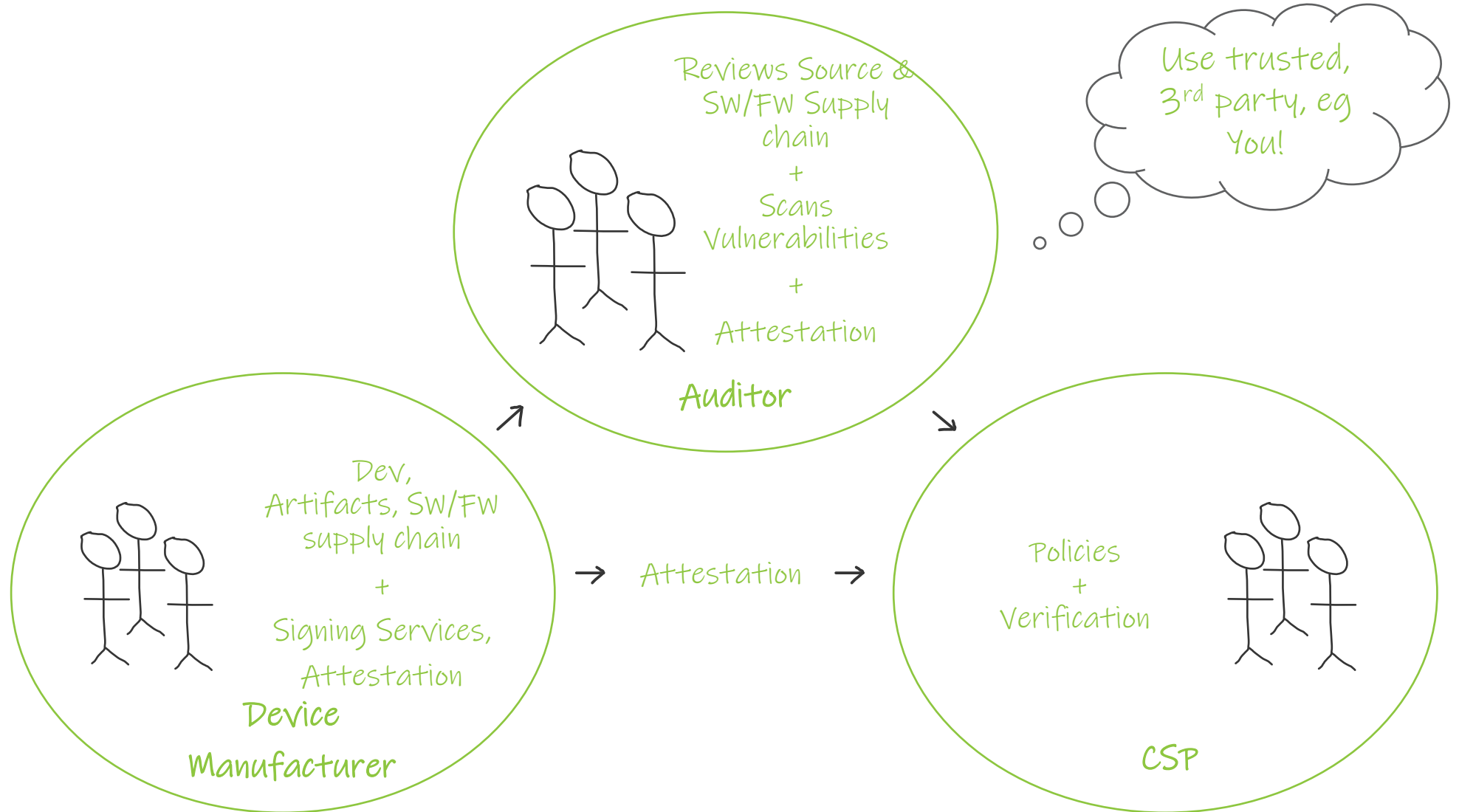
Traditional Model



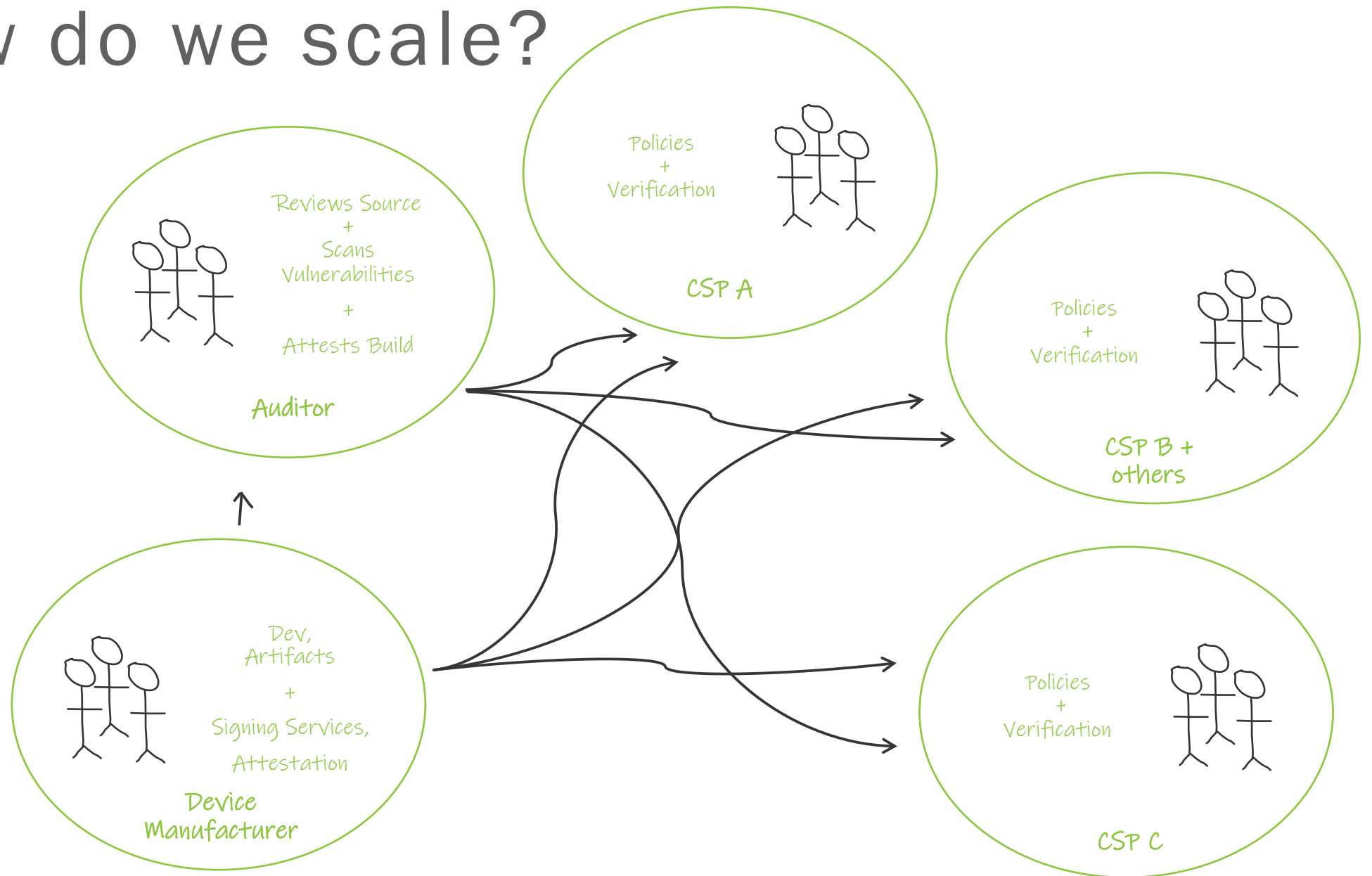
CSP point-in-time review model



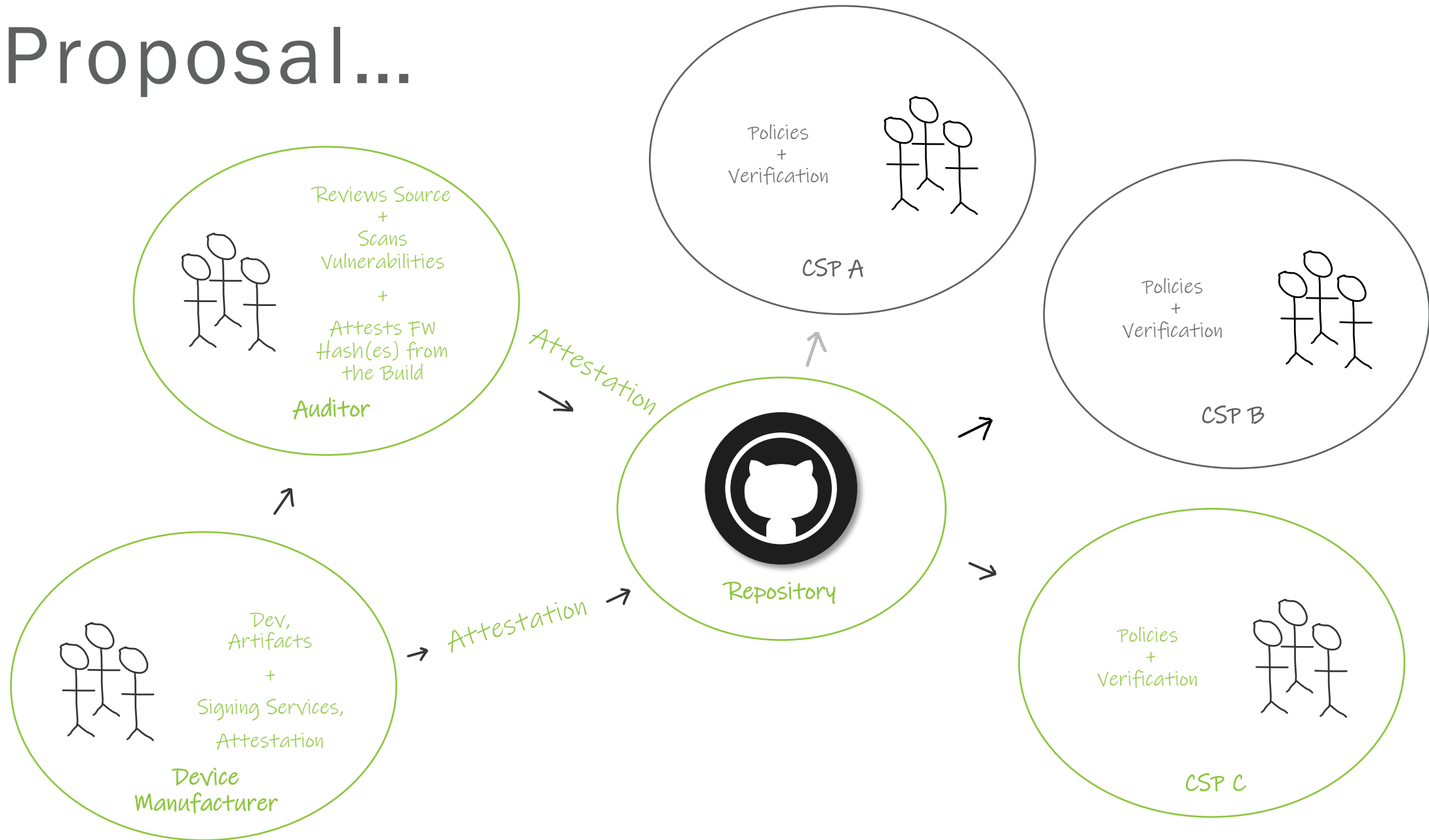
Standardize Supplier Audit



How do we scale?



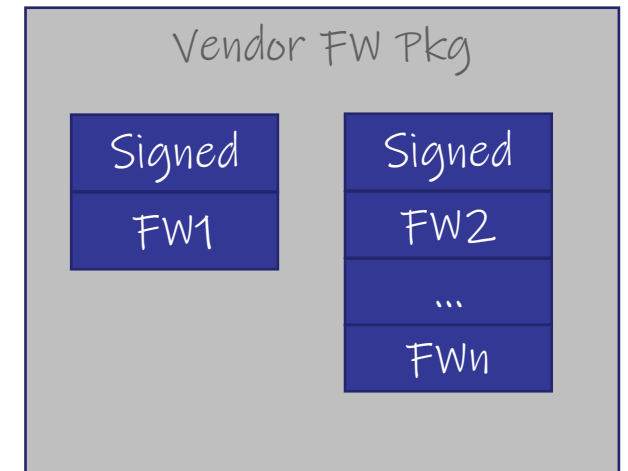
Proposal...



Connect. Collaborate. Accelerate.

What to account for?

- **Handling Encrypted FW**
 - SBOM from MANUFACTURER & AUDITOR must reflect encrypted & plain-text hashes
- **Vendor FW Dependencies**
 - E.g. Security FW to Power Management FW
- **CSP specific releases** (for prototype or CSP specific scenarios)
- **Reproducible builds**
 - Auditor must have the ability to do a build & generate the hash => tool chain
- **Auditor Review Expectation**



Encrypted

How to account for? -> SBOM

- Complex & Dynamic Supply Chains
- Need Transparency and information on firmware objects
- Machine readable/interpretable and partly human readable!
- Dependencies b/w Vendor FW releases to CSP internal FW releases & deployments
- Many SBOM formats – what to pick?
- Based on [NIST guidance](#): SPDX or SWID
- Recommended format: SWID (enabling potential transition to CoSWID in future)

Auditor Review Expectations

- Code Security Assessment (as specified in OCP spec)
 - Discovery of built-in and hard-coded credentials
 - Identifying memory safety issues
 - Deprecated and insecure encryption options
 - Trust-boundary violations,
 - Input validation failures
 - Any open or recently closed CVEs in first or third party code
 - Compiler, toolchain options (aslr, stack canaries, etc)
- Audit review output must be in SWID SBOM in a machine-readable format
- Profiles/Levels of Audit



Next steps

- Specification 1.0 release before OCP'22
- Finalize the SBOM and formats
- Work with Auditors to define profiles/levels of audits

Q&A