

FUTURE TECHNOLOGIES **SYMPOSIUM**

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Evolving Software Defined Memory for CXL Usages

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Agenda

- CXL 1.1 Usage Models
- CXL Memory Buffer Provisioning
- SDM Application Managed Memory
- SDM Kernel Managed Memory
- SDM CXL Benchmarking
- CXL Demo
- Summary



CXL 1.1 Usage Models





CXL Memory Provisioning (Linux)





Application Managed CXL Memory - Basic

```
int fd = open(device, 0 RDWR, S IRWXU); //e.g., device=/dev/dax0.0
if (fd < 0) {
    printf("%s open failed with error %s\n", device, strerror(errno));
    return 1;
char *addr = (char *) mmap(NULL, size, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, fd, 0);
if (addr == MAP FAILED) {
    close(fd);
    return 1;
/* write to CXL Memory */
for (int i=0; i < size; ++i)</pre>
      addr[i] = 'C';
/* read from CXL Memory */
for (int i=0; i < size; ++i)</pre>
      printf("%c", addr[i]);
munmap(addr, size);
close(fd);
```

libndctl, sysfs to enumerate HMEM/DAX devices (size etc.)



Application Managed CXL Memory – Heap Manager

	n fi	nalloc, ree etc.			memkind_create_<> memkind_malloc memkind_free memkind_destroy_kinc	4	
General Purpose			libmemkind				
Memory Allocators (e.g. jemalloc)			<*>_KIND	MEMKIND_DEFAULT			
	Host DRAM (1LM)			Memory Mapped Region(s) (2LM - CXL, SCM etc.)			

- **Memkind** library is a **user extensible** heap manager built on top of **jemalloc**
- Multiple pools to allocate from (DRAM, HBM, PMEM etc.)
- Need simple modifications to the applications



```
// create memkind partition with specific size
err = memkind_create_pmem(path, size, &mem_kind);
if (err) {
    fprintf(stderr, "create partition error\n");
    return 1;
}
```

```
// allocate
str1 = (char *) memkind_malloc(mem_kind, 512);
if (str1 == NULL) {
    fprintf(stderr, "alloc error\n");
    return 1;
}
```

sprintf(str1, "Hello CXL.\n");

```
memkind_free(mem_kind, str1);
```

```
memkind_destroy_kind(mem_kind);
```

Application Managed CXL Memory – Persistence

	mal free	malloc, free etc.		pmem pmem pmem pmem		map_new ?_map_get_address ?_get_persist_fn ?_map_delete	
General Purpose Memory Allocators (e.g. jemalloc)			PMDK (libpmem2, libpemobj etc.)				
	Host I (1 I	DRAM ₋M)		Memor Reg (2LM - CX	y Mappe ion(s) L, SCM	ed etc.)	-

- The Persistent Memory Development Kit (PMDK) is a collection of libraries and tools
- Built on top of DAX (Direct Access) file system
- Allows apps to access persistent memory as memory-mapped files



if ((fd = open(argv[1], 0_RDWR)) < 0) { // /dev/dax0.0
 perror("open");
 exit(1);</pre>

```
if (pmem2_source_from_fd(&src, fd)) {
    pmem2_perror("pmem2_source_from_fd");
    exit(1);
```

```
if (pmem2_map_new(&map, cfg, src)) {
    pmem2_perror("pmem2_map_new");
    exit(1);
```

```
char *addr = pmem2_map_get_address(map);
...
```

```
strcpy(addr, "hello, persistent memory");
persist = pmem2_get_persist_fn(map);
persist(addr, size);
```

```
pmem2_map_delete(&map);
...
close(fd);
```

Kernel Managed CXL Memory



Benefits

- OS can **map 2nd level memory** into application's **virtual address space**
- Cooler pages copied to 2nd level mem instead of 'swap out' to disk.
- Applications **can execute from pages in 2nd level** mem (albeit more slowly) avoiding Page Fault traps into the kernel.
- Kernel memory manager can implement varying policies for migrating hot & cold pages between tiers

Downside

- Page copying uses CPU and can impact performance
- Page copies require TLB flushes which impacts performance

Linux Kernel tiering in early development stages



SDM CXL Benchmarking - CacheBench



Github: https://github.com/facebook/CacheLib

CacheLib

- **Pluggable in-process caching engine** to build and scale high-performance services
- C++ Library
- Thread-safe API
- Manages DRAM and Block Caching transparently
- Decoupled from underlying medium
- Policy based

CacheBench

- **Benchmarking tool** for evaluating caching performance
- numactl or Kernel tiering as DRAM Cache for CXL memory buffer benchmarking

Need memory tiering support



Intel Xeon Sapphire Rapids/CXL Enabling - Demo

CXL Memory in Linux OS

Intel Sapphire Rapids Pre-Intel Pre-production CXL FPGA Memory Buffer production Platform 0 . e e S ... Intel.

Intel Xeon Sapphire Rapids Pre-Production OCP Platforms and FPGA memory buffer interop demonstrated



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Summary

- **Software-Defined Memory** (SDM) initiative is focused to assist adoption of **Hierarchical/Hybrid memory solutions**
- Newer memory technologies (e.g., SCM, HBM) and industry standard interconnects (e.g., CXL) are key components of SDM
- **Kernel tiering**, application libraries such as **CacheLib** provide basic abstraction to underlying memory and storage resources
- Industry wide effort needed to drive SDM from concept to reality









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