

#### High Efficiency Data Center PSU Based on Multiphase Synchronous Buck Converter With Extended Duty Cycle

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#### Headlines

- Power Supply Unit (PSU)
- Buck Converter
  - Synchronous Buck Converter
  - Multiphase Synchronous Buck Converter
- Experimental Results
- Conclusion





# Power Supply Unit (PSU)

- Half of the input power losses (Power Conversation, Distribution, Cooling).
- Output Voltage is Lower than Input so we need Buck Converter.
- To increase power efficiency, Multiphase Synchronous Buck Converter is good choice.





# Synchronous Buck Converter

- Lower power losses
- Higher Duty Cycle rate
- Higher Power Range
- Extra switching device
- More complicated
- Higher voltage and current ripple





# Multiphase Synchronous Buck Converter

- Four phase buck converter paralleled
- 90-degree phase shift
- Microcontroller based (intelligent) control
- Lower voltage and current ripple
- Lower inductor and In/Out capacitors
- Lower stress on MOSFET
- Extended Duty Cycle
- More Cost





## **Experimental Result**

• Prototyped with off-the-shelf components

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS				
Name		Value	Unit	
Inductor		11	uH	
Input Capacitor		100	uF	
Output Capacitor		250	uF	
MOSFET	V <sub>DS</sub>	60	V	
	I <sub>D</sub>	349	A	
	R <sub>DS</sub>	1.7	mΩ	



	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS			
	V <sub>in</sub>	48	V	
	V <sub>out</sub>	12	V	
	I <sub>in</sub>	2.1	А	
	I <sub>out</sub>	8.3	А	
	P <sub>in</sub>	101.3	W	
	Pout	100	W	
1111	f	250	kHz	
11	η	98.71	%	



# **Experimental Result**

• Performance analysis: Efficiency

EFFICIENCY			
Buck	Conventional	95.86%	
Converter	Synchronous	98.71%	





## **Experimental Result**

Performance analysis: Current and Voltage Rippling

Ripple		
Buck	Single Phase	High
Converter	Multi Phase	Low





## Conclusion

- High power rating (extended duty cycle)
- High efficiency conversation
- Low heating losses
- Low voltage and current rippling
- Low stress on devices







