

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.

Specifying Oscillator Holdover for Data Centers



OCP
GLOBAL
SUMMIT

NOVEMBER 9-10, 2021

Specifying Oscillator Holdover for Data Centers

Gary Giust, Sr Mgr Technical Marketing, SiTime
Nazariy Tshchynskyy, Sr Mgr Customer Engineering, SiTime

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



OPEN
COMMUNITY®



Agenda

1. Motivation
2. Test parameters
3. Test method
4. Call to action

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



OCP-TAP Simplifying Oscillator Selection

Problem

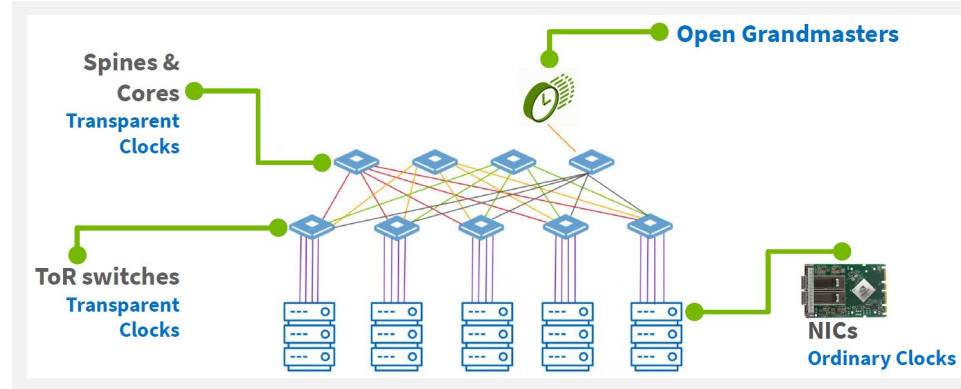
- Difficult to understand holdover performance from oscillator datasheet
- Difficult to select oscillator for a use case

Goal

- Enable transparent, apples-to-apples comparison of oscillator holdover

Proposed Solution

- Specify max time error at holdover time, τ_h
- Specify a holdover test methodology



OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



OCP-TAP Specifies Test Parameters

Use Case Dependent



TIME
APPLIANCES

- Holdover time, τ_h
- Thermal profile – target starting temperature(s), ramp rate, soak time
- Operating ambient-temperature range
- Ambient temperature to measure aging
- Ambient temperature to measure frequency versus time trend
- Acceptable probability of error, P_E , required by system
- Training time before entering holdover, $\tau_{Training}$
- Sample-unit population, N , and distribution
 - For example: 10 random units from each of 3 lots, each with a different process and assembly
- Trial population, M , to capture random variations per unit
- Whether the system compensates for aging

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



OCP-TAP Specifies Test Method

Use Case Independent



TIME
APPLIANCES

Measure

- Frequency stability over the specified operating ambient temperature range
- Frequency versus time at the specified ambient temperature

Compute

- Extract daily aging, thermal drift and wander from measured data
- Max time error $E_{max}(\tau_h)$ up to holdover time τ_h and derived from Gaussian distributions for
 - Aging - $m_a(\tau_h), \sigma_a(\tau_h)$
 - Thermal drift - $m_T(\tau_h), \sigma_T(\tau_h)$
 - Wander - $m_w(\tau_h), \sigma_w(\tau_h)$

Report

- $E_{max}(\tau_h)$
- Vendor-specific test conditions and restrictions needed to reproduce results

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



Model Contributions to Time Error



TIME
APPLIANCES

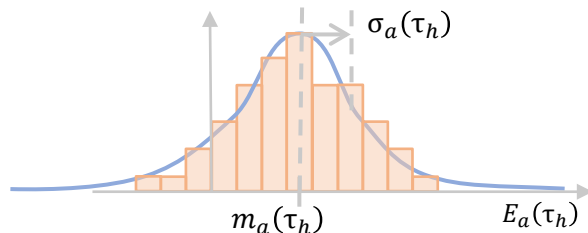
POPULATION

TIME ERROR HISTOGRAM

TOTAL TIME ERROR

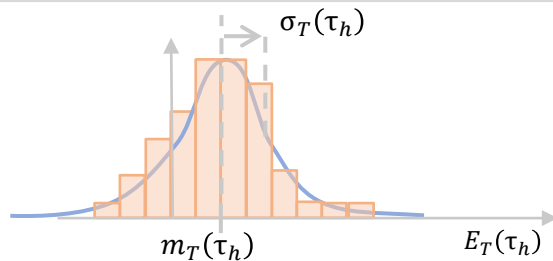
Aging

N units



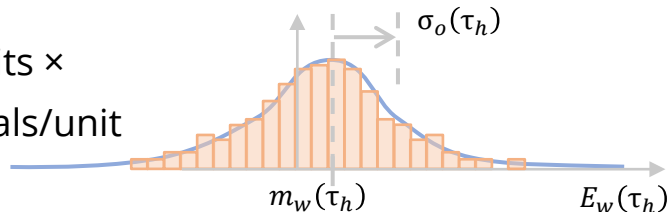
Thermal
Drift

N units



Wander

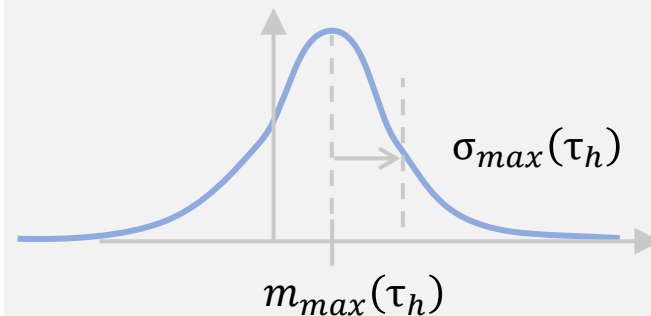
N units ×
M trials/unit



$$m_{max}(\tau_h) = m_a(\tau_h) + m_T(\tau_h) + m_w(\tau_h)$$

$$\sigma_{max}^2(\tau_h) = \sigma_a^2(\tau_h) + \sigma_T^2(\tau_h) + \sigma_w^2(\tau_h)$$

Total Distribution of Time Error at τ_h



Compute Max Time Error



TIME APPLIANCES

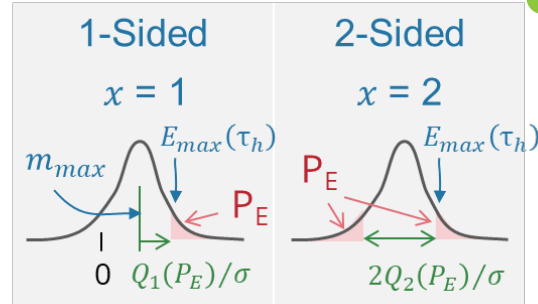
$$E_{max}(\tau_h) = m_{max}(\tau_h) + Q_x(P_E)\sigma_{max}(\tau_h)$$

Q converts RMS to Peak for a specified error rate, P_E

2 Possibilities

$|m_{max}| \gg 0$

$m_{max} \cong 0$



$1-P_E$	$Q_1(P_E)/\sigma(\tau_h)$	$Q_2(P_E)/\sigma(\tau_h)$
0.682689	0.475	1.000
0.954499	1.690	2.000
0.997300	2.782	3.000
0.999002	3.091	3.291
0.999900	3.720	3.891
0.999937	3.833	4.000
0.999990	4.754	4.892
0.999994	4.865	5.000

Interpretation

- All units shipped will not exceed $E_{max}(\tau_h)$ up to holdover time τ_h with at most probability of error P_E

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



OCP-TAP Welcomes Your Feedback

- Participate in weekly OCP-TAP Oscillator Workstream
 - Contact Gary Giust (email in Wiki page below)
 - Nov 17, OCP-TAP Main Meeting will review Oscillator Workstream work
- View recordings of Oscillator Workstream meetings on Wiki page
 - https://www.opencompute.org/wiki/Time_Appliances_Project
- Subscribe to OCP-TAP mailing list
 - <https://ocp-all.groups.io/g/OCP-TAP>
- “Open Time Server” Github page
 - <https://github.com/opencomputeproject/Time-Appliance-Project/tree/master/Open-Time-Server>

OPEN POSSIBILITIES.



Thank you!



NOVEMBER 9-10, 2021